OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE RESEARCH PUBLIC ACT SUMMARY



PA 13-299—sHB 6363

Government Administration and Elections Committee Planning and Development Committee

AN ACT STREAMLINING STATE GOVERNMENT AND INCREASING EFFECTIVENESS

SUMMARY: This act eliminates 32 state boards and commissions and designates a successor agency for, or transfers the duties of, three of them. It establishes the Connecticut Commuter Rail Council to replace the Metro North New Haven Rail Commuter Council, which the act eliminates. The act also eliminates the Gaming Policy Board and transfers its functions and responsibilities to the Department of Consumer Protection (DCP).

Additionally, the act makes minor changes to several other entities (e.g., revising their membership or reporting requirements). Lastly, it makes technical changes and repeals obsolete language.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2013

REPEALED BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS

Table 1 lists 27 of the 32 boards and commissions that the act repeals (note: R refers to the act's repealer sections, which are sections 95 and 96). The remaining five are described later in this analysis. Please note that the Connecticut Public Transportation Commission was reinstated by §§ 68-74 of PA 13-277.

Table 1: Repealed Boards and Commissions

§	Title	Description
1-2, 25, R*	Lower Fairfield County Convention Center Authority	Established in 1990 to stimulate new spending in Connecticut and attract and service large conventions, tradeshows, exhibitions, and conferences (PA 90-320).
3, 4, R	Committee on Career Entry and Mobility	Established in 1977 to determine how career counseling can best be provided and training opportunities best be met and made available within allotted funds (PA 77-250).
5, R	Connecticut Progress Council	Established in 1993 to develop a long- range vision for the state and define benchmarks to measure progress to achieve the vision (PA 93-262).
7	William Benton Museum Of Art Advisory Committee	Established in 1987 to advise on state art museum policies (PA 87-188); the act allows the UConn Board of Trustees to establish a new committee for similar advisory purposes.

§	Title	Description
9	Computer-Assisted Mass	Established in 1988 to assist in adopting
	Appraisal Systems Advisory Board	standards for certifying a computer system for municipalities to use for property tax revaluation. The standards had to be adopted by December 1, 1988 (PA 88-348).
10-13, 15, 39, R	Connecticut Public Transportation Commission Note: the commission was reinstated by §§ 68-74 of	Established in 1983 as a successor to the Connecticut Public Transportation Authority to advise and assist the Department of Transportation (DOT) commissioner, governor, and Transportation Committee regarding
	PA 13-277.	planning, development, and maintenance of public transportation services (PA 83-487).
16-17, R	Statewide Community Antenna Television Advisory Council	Established in 2007 to assist local cable TV advisory councils and disseminate information to them related to customers' interests (PA 07-253). The act also eliminates the \$200 annual fee that cable companies were required to pay the council.
18, R	HealthFirst Connecticut Authority	Established in 2007 to evaluate the state's sustainable health care policy and make recommendations for cost containment, improved health care quality, and financing and affordability and report by December 1, 2008 (PA 07-185).
20	Small Business Air Pollution Compliance Advisory Panel	Established in 1993 to advise the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection on the effectiveness of the small business stationary source technical and environmental compliance program (PA 93-428). The program was created to help small businesses comply with the federal Clean Air Act, which requires states to establish this panel (42 USC 7661f).
22, R	Adult Literacy Leadership Board	Established in 2008 to review and advise the Connecticut Employment and Training Commission on workforce investment and adult literacy programs and services. The board had to develop a strategic plan for an adult literacy system by July 1, 2009 and terminated as a standing committee of the commission on July 1, 2012 (PA 08-163).
23, R	Quinebaug and Shetucket Rivers National Heritage Corridor Advisory Council	Established in 1995 to submit the Cultural Heritage and Corridor Management Plan to the governor by January 1, 1996 (PA 95-250).
23, 30	River Protection Advisory	Established in 1991 to assist the

§	Title	Description
	Committee	environmental protection commissioner
		in developing a river protection program (PA 91-394).
37, 38, R	Child Day Care Council	Established in 1967 to make
		recommendations to the (1) Department
		of Public Health on the regulations for
		child day care centers, group day care homes, and family day care homes and
		(2) Department of Social Services (DSS)
		on grant management and planning and
		development of child day care services.
		It also provides advice on the state's
40 44 5	III A I	child care plan (PA 696).
43, 44, R	Housing Advisory Committee	Established in 1987 to advise the legislature, governor, and agencies on
	Committee	housing matters; monitor housing-
		related activities of the regional planning
		agencies; and promote coordination of
		housing matters among state agencies
D	On manufaction On Incorporation	(PAs 87-550 and 96-68).
R	Commission On Innovation and Productivity	Established in 1993 to recommend innovations for cost-effectiveness and
	and Froductivity	efficiency in state government (PA 93-
		351).
R	Student Financial Aid	Established in 1994 to develop
	Information Council	procedures to improve student financial
		aid policy, increase resources and public
		awareness, and coordinate delivery of financial aid (PA 94-180).
R	Advisory Committee For	Established in 1965 to advise the center
	The Center For Real Estate	(PA 621).
	and Urban Economic	
	Studies at UConn School Of	
R	Business Administration Southwest Corridor Action	Established in 1998 to advise DOT and
K	Council	report on the progress of implementing
	Courton	the transportation plan for the southwest
		corridor (PA 98-119).
R	Nurturing Families Network	Established in 1997 to monitor the
	(NFN) Advisory	statewide implementation of the NFN, a
	Commission	voluntary program that generally provides information and assistance to
		first-time parents through home visits
		and connections among parents,
		volunteers, and the community (PA 97-
	I NAC : A P C	288).
R	Waiver Application	Established in 1995 to assist DSS in its
	Development Council	Medicaid waiver application (PA 95-257).
R	Residential Water-Saving	Established in 1989 to advise the public
. `	Advisory Board	health commissioner on water
		conservation (PA 89-266).
R	Bi-State Farmington River	Established in 1990 to make
	Commission	recommendations for towns being

§	Title	Description
		considered for designation under the federal Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (PA 90-341).
R	Risk Assessment Board	Established in 2006 to develop and use a scale using various factors to determine a sex offender's likelihood of reoffending, which was due October 1, 2007 (PA 06-187).
R	Connecticut War Veterans Memorial Register of Remembrance Commission	Established in 1991 to develop a plan to create the Memorial Register of Remembrance for Connecticut War Veterans (SA 91-22).
R	Connecticut Equestrian Center Corporation	Established in 1996 to attract and service large equestrian events and related trade shows, exhibitions, and activities (SA 96-14).
R	Committee to Review and Assess Pathways to Baccalaureate Degrees in Early Childhood Education	Established in 2005 to assess pathways to baccalaureate degrees in early childhood education and child development to promote the professionalization of the early childhood education workforce. The committee's report was due January 1, 2006 (PA 05-245).
R	Task Force to Develop Recommendations for Establishing an Administrative Hearings Division	Established in 2009 to develop recommendations for establishing an administrative hearings division within the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities. The task force report was due February 1, 2010 (PA 09-7, Sept. Special Session).

^{*}R: Repealer, §§ 95 and 96 of the act

§§ 6, 8, & 21 — GEOSPATIAL INFORMATION SYSTEMS COUNCIL

The act eliminates the Geospatial Information Systems Council and makes the Office of Policy and Management (OPM) its successor agency for purposes of coordinating geospatial information system capacity for towns, regional planning agencies, and state agencies. The act eliminates requirements that this capacity be (1) coordinated within available appropriations and (2) uniform. It requires the OPM secretary to submit, by January 1, 2014, the annual report to the Planning and Development Committee that the council previously provided.

The act also modifies several of the system's requirements. Under the act, OPM must (1) establish policies for collecting, managing, and distributing geospatial information and (2) set standards for acquiring, managing, and reporting this information and for acquiring, creating, or using applications employing the information by any executive branch agency. The act eliminates prior law's requirements that the system include provisions for (1) promoting a forum in which geospatial information could be centralized and distributed and (2) creating, maintaining, and disseminating geographic information or imagery used to precisely identify, or create maps or information profiles in graphic or

electronic form about, certain locations or areas.

The act requires that the system be for the purpose of (1) facilitating communication and coordination regarding the use of geospatial information system technology, (2) eliminating duplicative use of the technology, and (3) expanding its use within the state. It eliminates prior law's requirement that the system be for the purpose of guiding or assisting state and municipal officials in land use planning; transportation; economic development; public service delivery; environmental, cultural, and natural resources management; and other areas, as necessary.

§§ 14 & 15 — COMMUTER RAIL COUNCILS

The act eliminates the Metro North New Haven Rail Commuter Council and replaces it with the Connecticut Commuter Rail Council. The act requires that appointments to the new council be made by, and members' terms begin on, August 1, 2013.

The councils are the same size and have the same appointing authorities, but the act adds specific criteria to some of the new council's appointees and modifies its duties and membership criteria. Table 2 compares the councils' characteristics, and Table 3 compares their membership requirements.

Provision Metro North New Haven Connecticut Commuter Rail Commuter Council Rail Council (The Act) (Prior Law) Same Size 15 members Membership Criteria Members must be Same, except that the commuters who use (1) act allows membership the New Haven Line by commuters who are (including its branches) residents of and (2) Shoreline East municipalities where the transportation commissioner has proposed a new rail line or where one has commenced operating after July 1, 2013 Elected by council Same Chairperson members Duties Study and investigate all Same, except that the aspects of the New council must (1) perform Haven Line's daily these functions for all operation, monitor its commuter rail lines in the performance, and state, (2) work with DOT recommend changes to to advocate for improve its efficiency and customers of all service quality commuter lines, and (3) make recommendations for improving the lines Can request and receive Authority Same

Table 2: Councils' Characteristics

from public agencies

such assistance and data	
as it needs to properly	
carry out its activities	

Table 3: Councils' Membership

Appointing Authority	Metro North New Haven Rail Commuter Council (Prior Law)	Connecticut Commuter Rail Council (The Act)
Governor	Four appointments	Same, except that one of the appointees must be the chief elected official of a municipality located on an operating or proposed new rail line
Senate president pro tempore	Three appointments	Same
House speaker	Three appointments	Same
Senate minority leader	One appointment	Same
House minority leader	One appointment	Same
Transportation Committee co- chairpersons	One appointment each	Same, except that (1) one appointee must be from a municipality with a Shoreline East station and (2) the other must be from a municipality where the transportation commissioner has proposed a new rail line or where one has commenced operating after July 1, 2013
Transportation Committee ranking members	One joint appointment	Same, except that the appointee must be from a municipality served by the Danbury or Waterbury branches of the New Haven Line

§ 18 — STATE-WIDE PRIMARY CARE ACCESS AUTHORITY

The act requires (1) the public health commissioner to appoint two people to the State-wide Primary Care Access Authority and (2) the authority to elect two chairpersons from among its members. Under prior law, the chairpersons of the HealthFirst Connecticut Authority (repealed by the act) served as the chairpersons of the State-wide Primary Care Access Authority.

§ 24 — CONNECTICUT INTERNATIONAL TRADE COUNCIL

The act eliminates the council and makes the Department of Economic and Community Development (DECD) its successor agency. The council was established in 1994 to advise the DECD commissioner and the legislature's

Commerce Committee on the state's infrastructure and programs for promoting the growth of import and export businesses (PA 94-237).

§§ 26 & 27 — SPECIAL CONTAMINATED PROPERTY REMEDIATION AND INSURANCE FUND ADVISORY BOARD

The act eliminates this seven-member advisory board, established in 1995 to annually advise and review the fund's progress. It transfers the board's duties to the 13-member Brownfields Working Group, which was established in 2010 to examine how (1) Connecticut brownfields are being cleaned up and developed and (2) permits and liability issues affect these activities. The act also makes the working group permanent by eliminating a final reporting deadline and instead requiring annual reports beginning January 15, 2014.

The act does not affect the fund, which is used for, among other things, removing and mitigating spills and making loans to municipalities, firms, and individuals for certain environmental assessments and investigations.

§§ 28 & 29 — LONG ISLAND SOUND

Advisory Councils

By law, each of the three Long Island Sound Advisory Councils (Eastern, Central, and Western) prepares reports on the use and preservation of the Sound within its respective boundaries. The act removes from each council five members whom the governor appointed, thereby reducing the number of appointed members from nine to four. The remaining council members are (1) four legislative appointees, one each by the Senate president pro tempore, the House speaker, and Senate and House minority leaders and (2) the chief executive officers (or designees) of each council's member municipalities.

Assembly

The act reduces each advisory council's representation on the Long Island Sound Assembly, which reviews the councils' reports, from seven to four members, thus reducing the assembly's total membership from 21 to 12. Under the act, each council's chairperson must appoint to the assembly (1) two, rather than three, chief executive officers from the council and (2) two legislative appointees from the council, rather than four council members from among those appointed by the governor or legislators.

The act also eliminates the requirement that the assembly submit its annual report to individual legislators, and instead requires only an electronic submission that the Environment Committee must post on its website. Under prior law, the assembly had to, in addition to submitting the report to the Environment Committee and any legislator who requested it, submit a summary or notification of the report to every legislator.

§§ 35 & 36 — CITIZENS ADVISORY COUNCIL FOR HOUSING MATTERS

The act renames the Citizens Advisory Council for Housing Matters the

Advisory Council to the Superior Court Housing Session. It reduces the council's size from 36 members to 12 by reducing, from nine to three, the number of members from each of the four groups that comprise the board's membership. These groups are residents of the judicial districts of (1) Hartford or New Britain; (2) New Haven, Waterbury, or Ansonia-Milford; (3) Fairfield or Stamford-Norwalk; or (4) Danbury, Litchfield, Middlesex, New London, Tolland, or Windham.

By law, the governor appoints board members to four-year terms, but the act specifies that (1) members' terms last for four years beginning July 1 in the year of their appointment and (2) the governor fills any vacant position for the unexpired portion of the term.

§ 40 — BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

By law, veterans must comprise a majority of the Board of Trustees of the Department of Veterans Affairs. A veteran is a person honorably discharged or released under honorable conditions from active service in the armed forces. Under prior law, the board had to include veterans from World War II, the Korean War, and the Vietnam War. The act instead requires that the board include veterans of armed conflicts authorized by the president. It thus eliminates the requirement that veterans of the three conflicts listed above be represented.

§ 41 — GREATER HARTFORD FLOOD COMMISSION

The act replaces the governor with the mayor of Hartford as the appointing authority for the seven members of this commission, which was created by special act (No. 72) in November 1955.

§ 42 — MEDICAL INEFFICIENCY COMMITTEE

The act requires the committee to terminate on July 1, 2013 or when it submits its final report (due January 1, 2012), whichever is earlier. Under prior law, the committee had to terminate when it submitted its final report or on January 1, 2012, whichever was later. By law, the committee is charged with advising DSS on amending the definition of "medically necessary" services in connection with the administration of Medicaid (to reflect savings, reduce inefficiencies, and maintain the quality of care).

§ 44 — MOBILE MANUFACTURED HOME ADVISORY COUNCIL

The act reduces the council's membership, from 15 to 14, to reflect the elimination of a representative from the Housing Advisory Committee, which the act repeals.

§§ 45-94 — GAMING POLICY BOARD

The act eliminates the Gaming Policy Board and transfers its functions and

responsibilities to DCP. By law, DCP's gaming division (1) issues licenses and permits to all individuals and entities involved in legalized gaming and (2) monitors and ensures compliance with the gaming laws and tribal-state agreements.

Under the act, if any of DCP's and the board's orders or regulations conflict, the DCP commissioner can implement policies or procedures to resolve the conflict while adopting regulations, provided notice of intent to adopt regulations is printed in the *Connecticut Law Journal* within 20 days of implementation.

The act also makes numerous conforming changes to effectuate the transfer. Under prior law, DCP performed several gaming-related duties with the board's advice and consent. Under the act, DCP alone must perform these duties (e.g., adopting certain regulations). Similarly, the act requires gaming-related appeals (e.g., license revocation or suspension) to go directly to Superior Court. Prior law required aggrieved individuals to first appeal to the Gaming Policy Board.

The act allows former board members to be immediately employed by certain businesses. Prior law prohibited them from being employed within two years of leaving by (1) businesses that the board regulated and (2) businesses or government agencies associated with Indian gaming operations within the state.

It also makes other minor, technical, and conforming changes.

BACKGROUND

Gaming Policy Board

The Gaming Policy Board worked in cooperation with DCP to implement and administer the gaming statutes. The board had five voting members; the DCP commissioner served as an ex officio non-voting member. The governor appointed the board members, with the legislature's consent, for four-year terms. Board members (1) had to post a \$25,000 performance bond with the state and (2) were prohibited from certain gaming-related and political activities.

Under prior law, the board, among other things, approved, suspended, or revoked certain gaming licenses; approved certain contracts; set racing and jai alai meeting dates; imposed certain fines; advised and approved certain gaming-related activities; and heard appeals for certain gaming permit suspensions and revocations

Related Act

PA 13-240 also eliminates the Student Financial Aid Information Council.

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